



Waqf Management System of India

August 2014 Updates

An e-Governance Initiative under the aegis of Ministry of Minority Affairs, Govt. of India

Universal Sufi Trust, Vadodara (Sufi Inayat Khan Waqf)



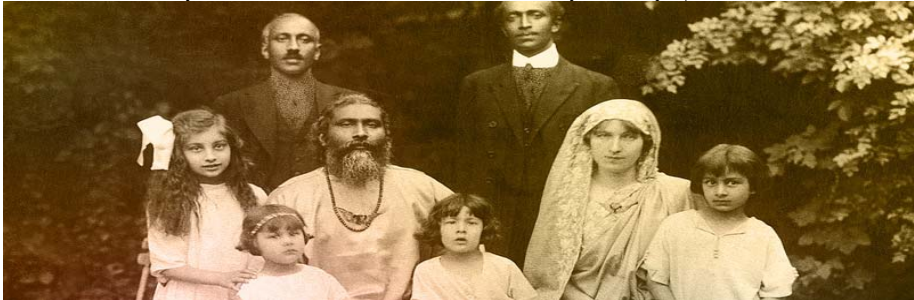
During a recent visit to the Gujarat State Waqf Board, Gandhinagar, its Officials and National Project Coordinator (WAMSI) visited few Waqf Properties in & around Twin Cities of Gandhinagar and Ahmedabad to get GPS Coordinates to show the Proof of Concept and to transfer the knowledge to local SWB Staff for WAMSI GIS Interfaces. This visit was extended to Vadodara (earlier known as Baroda) and found very interesting Waqf Estate called **Universal Sufi Trust, Vadodara (Sufi Inayat Khan Waqf)** whose Waqf ID is **GJ060021** and Prop.ID is **BLO02**.



Sufi Inayat Khan



Sufi Inayat Khan birth place, now used for his Music Festivals



Sufi Inayat Khan and his family

Pir-o-Mursid, *sufi* Inayat Khan Rehmat Khan Pathan (July 5, 1882 – February 5, 1927), a grand-son of Mowla Bux (called “Beethoven of India” who founded “Gayanshala”, an academy of Indian Music in Vadodara, nowadays serving as the Faculty of Performing Arts, Maharaja Sayajirao University), was born at Vadodara (Birth Place in the picture above), “with music and mysticism as his heritage from both his paternal and ancestors”. At eighteen, he was already a skilled musician and a profound believer in the mystical mission of his music. After having received instruction in *Sufism*, he was blessed by his preceptor Syed Madani, saying: “Go my child, into the world, harmonize the East and the West with the harmony of thy music; spread the wisdom of *Sufism*, for thou art gifted by Allah”. Thus, inspired, he began his tour of the western world, giving lectures in *Sufism* and music, and founding an order of *Sufism* in the United States.

Inayat Khan – a Singer and a *Sufi* – served as our cultural ambassador abroad for a long time, reaffirming the contemplative and divine qualities of Indian Music. He initially came to the West as a Northern Indian Classical Musician, having received the honorific “*Tansen*” from the Nizam of Hyderabad, but he soon turned to the introduction and transmission of *Sufi* thought and practice. Later, in 1923, the *Sufi Order* of the London period was dissolved into a new organization, formed under Swiss law, called the “*International Sufi Movement*”. His message of divine unity focused on the themes of love, harmony and beauty. He taught that blind adherence to any book rendered religion void of spirit. Branches of *Sufi* Inayat Khan’s movement can be found in the Netherlands, France, England, Germany, United States, Canada, Russia and Australia.

He married Ora Ray Baker, a second-cousin of Christian Science founder Mary Baker Eddy and whose half-brother was well-known Sanskrit Scholar Pierre Bernard, from New Mexico, and they had four children; Noor-un-Nisa (1914), Vilayat (1916), Hidayat (1917) and Khair-un-Nisa (1919). The family settled in Suresnes near Paris but he returned to India at the end of 1926 and stayed at Nizamuddin Dargah Complex in Delhi where he died shortly after, on February 5, 1927 and thus, buried there.

Hon’ble Minister’s Visitors



Dr. Najma A. Heptulla, Hon’ble Union Minister of Minority Affairs, felicitated minority candidates clearing Civil Services Exam-2013 on August 19, 2014 at New Delhi. Congratulating them, the Minister acknowledged their hard work and success in the Civil Services Exam 2013 and expressed satisfaction over Centre’s scheme to support eligible candidates bearing results. The Minister urged them to work for the welfare of the economically weaker sections of the society and minorities who are dependent on the Government for their development and progress. She encouraged them to strive towards making the country a better nation.

The Ministry of Minority Affairs under the Scheme of ‘Support for Minority Students Clearing Prelims conducted by Union Public Service Commission (UPSC), Staff Selection Commission (SSC) and State Public Service Commissions (PSCs) provides financial support to eligible aspirants.

She also apprised them of the many other schemes being implemented by the Ministry for educational and economic empowerment, skill development and women leadership of the minority communities. She sought their help in creating awareness about these schemes amongst the target groups.

Hon’ble Minister’s Event



Dr. Najma A. Heptulla, Hon’ble Union Minister of Minority Affairs, addressing at the launch of “Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana (PMJDY)” organised by the United Bank of India, Kolkata on August 28, 2014.



Waqf Records Computerization Project - Data Ingestion Progress as on August 31, 2014

S.No.	State/UT Waqf Board	CCF Funds Sanction Date	Waqf Estates or Properties ? (Only for Reference)	Records in WAMSI REGISTRATION Module			Records in WAMSI RETURN Module	Records in WAMSI LEASING Module	Records in WAMSI LITIGATION Module		Pre-Digitization Work	Records in WAMSI-DMS System	Added Imm.Properties w.r.t. last Month		
				Waqf Estates	Imm.Prop.	Mov.Prop.			External	Internal					
1	Andaman & Nicobar	October 19, 2010	84	49 (58.33 %)	83						(0.00 %)	(0.00 %)	83	0	
2	Andhra Pradesh	June 17, 2011	35703	33686 (94.35 %)	21511			1			5786 (16.21 %)	178 (0.50 %)	482	21029	
3	Assam	March 09, 2010	300	300 (100.00 %)	338		394	11	7		274 (91.33 %)	269 (89.67 %)	338	0	
4	Bihar (Shia)	May 24, 2010	227	220 (96.92 %)	572	16	20		1		219 (96.48 %)	219 (96.48 %)	572	0	
5	Bihar (Sunni)	May 24, 2010	2426	2426 (100.00 %)	3503	18	41	7			2421 (99.79 %)	1401 (57.75 %)	3483	20	
6	Chandigarh		33	33 (100.00 %)	34						(0.00 %)	(0.00 %)	34	0	
7	Chhattisgarh	March 19, 2010	800	800 (100.00 %)	2006		31		87	276	794 (99.25 %)	794 (99.25 %)	2006	0	
8	Delhi	July 12, 2010	1962	1962 (100.00 %)	849						(0.00 %)	(0.00 %)	849	0	
9	Gujarat	July 04, 2012	11681	7058 (60.42 %)	17268	4489					6972 (59.69 %)	(0.00 %)	14601	2667	
10	Haryana	May 24, 2010	12511	12511 (100.00 %)	13440			869			2141 (17.11 %)	1500 (11.99 %)	13431	9	
11	Himachal Pradesh	March 19, 2010	1099	945 (85.99 %)	2025						70 (6.37 %)	36 (3.28 %)	2025	0	
12	Jammu & Kashmir	January 21, 2011	214	1 (0.47 %)	1						(0.00 %)	(0.00 %)	1	0	
13	Karnataka	March 19, 2010	27548	23032 (83.61 %)	20116						14000 (50.82 %)	7500 (27.23 %)	20116	0	
14	Kerala	May 24, 2010	8579	8579 (100.00 %)	35888		4		435	338	8322 (97.00 %)	8322 (97.00 %)	35594	294	
15	Lakshadweep	August 03, 2010	342	342 (100.00 %)	914		567		4	12	339 (99.12 %)	339 (99.12 %)	914	0	
16	Madhya Pradesh	July 12, 2010	14851	14851 (100.00 %)	20875	227	645	134	426	2904	14702 (99.00 %)	14702 (99.00 %)	20721	154	
17	Maharashtra	March 19, 2010	7149	7149 (100.00 %)	18598	71	3440	0	7		6474 (90.56 %)	6135 (85.82 %)	18443	155	
18	Manipur	September 16, 2010	930	683 (73.44 %)	701						678 (72.90 %)	658 (70.75 %)	699	2	
19	Meghalaya	January 24, 2011	43	43 (100.00 %)	53	51	56				18 (41.86 %)	18 (41.86 %)	53	0	
20	Odisha	March 19, 2010	3729	3194 (85.65 %)	5848						845 (22.66 %)	845 (22.66 %)	5397	451	
21	Puducherry	May 24, 2010	45	45 (100.00 %)	671	254	201	90	1		45 (100.00 %)	45 (100.00 %)	671	0	
22	Punjab	March 19, 2010	24540	24540 (100.00 %)	34131			467			4000 (16.30 %)	(0.00 %)	34131	0	
23	Rajasthan	December 29, 2010	18950	18359 (96.88 %)	23150		218		19		17461 (92.14 %)	4005 (21.13 %)	23150	0	
24	Tamil Nadu	March 19, 2010	7425	7425 (100.00 %)	53105	8561	6396	1435	385	197	7376 (99.34 %)	7354 (99.04 %)	52945	160	
25	Tripura	March 19, 2010	1869	1675 (89.62 %)	2356	50	14	1	2		1869 (100.00 %)	800 (42.80 %)	2356	0	
26	Uttarakhand	November 09, 2010	2054	2033 (98.98 %)	4254		119		2		2020 (98.34 %)	1500 (73.03 %)	4239	15	
27	Uttar Pradesh (Sunni)	March 19, 2010	123115	13637 (11.08 %)	13387	2					14100 (11.45 %)	4700 (3.82 %)	13387	0	
28	West Bengal	March 19, 2010	6744	5857 (86.85 %)	26310	1		6	2		5899 (87.47 %)	2000 (29.66 %)	24670	1640	
			GRAND TOTAL	314953	191435 (60.78 %)	321987	13740	12146	3021	1359	3746	116825 (37.09 %)	63320 (20.10 %)	ADDED->	26596